

The Plan Lead Lists

No.3 Nine nations bulwark the Communist drive to control Western Europe. The map shows the battlefield on which the Cominform hopes to sell communism to Europe. Insert shows Togliatti, Italian Red leader, before the microphone to voice the Cominform's views. —INP



Goering's Suicide Headed S&S Editors' Vote In 1946

Hermann Goering's suicide topped the 10 "best" news stories voted by *The Stars and Stripes* for 1946.

The GOR victory bested the Bikini test. Strikes in coal, railway and shipping industries headed the Wallace resignation, Byrnes' Stuttgart speech, lifting of OPA ceilings, the U.S.-Yugoslav plane incident and Churchill's Fulton (Mo.) address.

(Continued from Page 7)

into a packing box which a friend ordered shipped to New York by air express. She was discovered at Rhine-Main Airport.

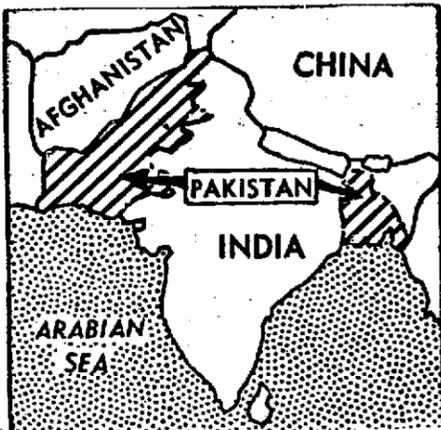
9—Gen. Lucius D. Clay assumed command of EUCOM. On March 15, Clay, then a lieutenant general, took over the post of theater commander from Gen. Joseph T. McNarney.

10—The close-out of the Mediterranean Theater and creation of TRUST force for the Free Territory of Trieste. Following ratification of the Italian peace treaty, the U.S. observed the provision of the pact that all its military forces would evacuate Italy within 90 days. With Trieste established, TRUST force was created to perform the U.S. share of military patrolling of the Venezia-Giulia area.

ies for '48

No.6

Map shows the division of India into India and Pakistan after 150 years of British rule. Arrows indicate the unconnected sections of Pakistan. —Acme



No.4 Senate Secy. Carl A. Loeffler signs Taft-Hartley labor bill into law as Sen. Robert A. Taft (R-Ohio), right, and Rep. Fred A. Hartley (R-N. J.) watch. —INP

Marshall Plan Tops INS Ten

NEW YORK, Dec. 31 (INS)—The American program for the economic recovery of Europe—known as the Marshall Plan—and its effects on international affairs from Washington to Moscow has been selected as the outstanding news story of the year by the editors of International News Service.

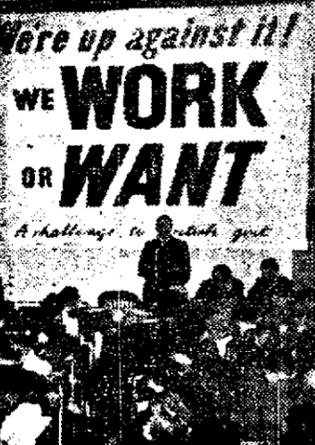
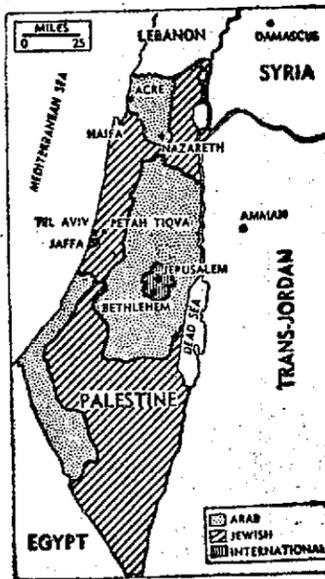
The editors declared six of the 10 top stories selected were a continuing series of historic events throughout the year rather than big one-time news breaks.

The INS list of the 10 best news stories of 1947:

- 1—Marshall Plan.
- 2—Rift between East and West.
- 3—Rising prices.
- 4—Enactment of the Taft-Hartley labor bill.
- 5—Palestine partition and fighting.
- 6—Italian and French upheavals.
- 7—Texas City disaster.
- 8—Wedding of Princess Elizabeth.
- 9—Series of air crashes.
- 10—Hughes-Meyers hearings.

No.5

The General Assembly of UN approved the partitioning of Palestine into Jewish and Arab states. While victorious delegates at the General Assembly (right) congratulated each other on the vote to split ancient Palestine into Jewish and Arab states (map), resentful Arabs proclaimed that no Jewish state would be created without resistance. —INP, Acme Map



than week by Navy's Douglas D558 jet-propelled Skystrack; reaches 650.6 miles an hour.

SEPTEMBER

- 1—British Foreign Secretary Bevin calls upon the U.S. to "redistribute the gold in Ft. Knox" to finance world recovery.
- 16—Deputy Foreign Minister Andrei Y. Vishinsky accuses Americans of seeking war.
- 19—Marshall Plan parley in Paris sets need at \$19,310,000,000.
- 20—Fiorello H. LaGuardia, 64, dies.
- 23—Nikola Petkov, Bulgarian opposition leader, hanged in Sofia prison for "conspiracy against the government."
- 27—Robert E. Hannegan succeeded as chairman of the Democratic National Committee by Sen. J. Howard McGrath.
- 29—Sir Stafford Cripps appointed economic dictator of Great Britain.

OCTOBER

- 5—President Truman calls for meatless Tuesdays, poultry-eggless Thursdays to aid starving Europe.
- 5—A nine-nations Communist information bureau (Cominform)

established in Warsaw (Poland).

NOVEMBER

- 3—John C. Winant, war-time ambassador to London, kills himself at his home.
- 6—Foreign Minister Molotov declares that the secret of the atomic bomb "has long ceased to exist," in a speech at Moscow.
- 8—Rationing of potatoes started in Great Britain.
- 9—Field Marshal Luang Pibul Singgram seizes control of Bangkok in military putsch.
- 10—Howard Hughes tells Senate investigating committee that Maj. Gen. Bennett E. Meyers tried to get loan of \$200,000 from him to finance \$10,000,000 bond deal.
- 11—Dr. Juliu Maniu, leader of the opposition Peasant Party in Romania, sentenced to life imprisonment for treasonable activities.
- 12—Communist riot in Italy, France.
- 17—President Truman asks Congress for authority to impose price controls in fight against inflation at home while helping Europe.
- 19—Premier Paul Ramadier of France resigns under strike threats.
- 20—Princess Elizabeth and Prince Phillip, married.
- 22—Robert Schuman appointed Premier of France.
- 24—Maj. Gen. Bennett E. Meyers stripped of pay and medals by U.S. Air Force.
- 25—Movies oust ten cited for contempt by Congress.
- 25—Big Four conference opens in London.

19—Mr. Truman asks Congress to vote \$17,000,000,000 to keep Europe going over the next four years.

DECEMBER

- 1—Senate votes 83-6 for interim help for France, Italy and Austria.
- 5—Joe Louis defeats Jersey Joe Walcott, retaining heavyweight championship of the world.
- 7—Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler dies at the age of 85.
- 8—Senate ratifies Inter-American defense treaty, 72-1.
- 8—Nineteen dead in Palestine Jewish-Arab clash.
- 9—French Communists quit strikes.
- 9—President Truman's anti-inflation bill submitted to Congress.
- 11—Britain and Russia agree on wide trade pact.
- 12—UMW "disaffiliated" from AFL.
- 12—Earl Baldwin, three times prime minister of Britain, dies.
- 14—Soviet ends rationing of food; devalues ruble.
- 15—Big Four Foreign Ministers' Conference in London ends in failure.
- 17—U.S. assumes 75 per cent of the cost of running both the U.S. and British occupation zones in Germany.
- 18—Bevin blames Russia for failure of London parley, but holds door open for unity.

19—Congress passes GOP anti-inflation bill; votes \$540,000,000 in stop-gap aid for Austria, France, Italy, China; adjourns until Jan. 6.

DECEMBER

- 20—Marshall blames Russia for failure of London parley.
- 20—Joseph Stalin wins local vote.
- 22—Gen. Clay says MG will do nothing to make four-power agreement on Germany impossible.
- 22—Air Force rocket plane reportedly flies faster than sound.
- 23—Secretary of Agriculture Anderson releases first list of big-time commodity traders.
- 23—40 Germans die in French zone train crash.
- 23—Panama rejects U.S. treaty for bases; U.S. forces begin withdrawal.
- 25—Christmas accidents kill 332 in U.S.
- 25—Greek "free government" opens offensive against Athens regime.
- 28—Three-day death toll in snow-bound east U.S. reaches 61; New York City under nearly 28 inches.
- 30—King Michael abdicates as king of Romania.